

The Crittenden Press

Volume 44

Marion, Crittenden County, Kentucky, Friday, July 7, 1922

Number 51

TO HAVE GOOD-ROAD MEETING

Come With a Plan or Suggestion to Help to Relieve the Situation

Since the letter last week concerning the width of the tire and the weight of the load that may be hauled over the roads in the state of Kentucky, there have been many friends to see me. Some of these friends are spar haulers themselves, some are spar producers, some are men who own the teams and live in one town or another and sit around and manage affairs while the hired driver does the hauling; others are the merchants that sell goods to these haulers, drivers, operators, etc. To write all that has been said during the time would furnish sufficient reading matter for a dialy issue of the Crittenden Press for the remainder of the year.

Of course some of it might not look good in print, or sound good to a moderately pious Christian or Sunday School teacher; because the law was cussed and discussed; the State Legislature reprobated and reviled; the Crittenden county road system condemned, hanged, cut down and buried; the overseers and hands all sentenced to long terms in the penitentiary, and all the world in general brought to an immediate and untimely end. Only good citizen that I knew of blamed the County Judge for the law being on the statutes and after being convinced of the innocence of that worthy, said, "Well you had no business publishing it in the Press. There was not a man in the county that knew about it until then."

The essence of the whole conglomeration has simmered itself to this, that we are going to have a good-roads meeting in the auditorium of the court house, on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock July 15th to agree upon a plan whereby an equitable arrangement may be had to maintain the roads over which the great quantities of spar are moved.

Now Mr. Spar hauler, operators, contractors and others I know you have said things about the County Judge that are not calculated to send him to a better world, or even to elect him to a second term of office but this is one time when I am not electioneering, but am trying to bring about an equal distribution of the burden of road maintenance between you and all other interests in the county.

Come on, and let us hear your plan. Everybody has agreed not to measure the width of any tires until the 15th but after then well, come on and let's pledge ourselves to help each other in the matter. Everybody that wishes to come to this meeting is hereby given an invitation. I should especially like to see all road overseers of the county that can possibly come, at the meeting. It is really important that overseers of the roads over which spar is hauled should be here, for I am quite sure some one is going to be awarded a contract to keep in repair these spar roads.

Get your proposition well in mind write them out if you think you can not remember them and bring them here and we will get them all together and try to adopt the most equitable. I also extend this invitation to any and all business men of Marion, Mexico, Frances and Salem as most of you are interested in the spar industry. The Marion Chamber of Commerce is especially invited. If there are any doctors, lawyers, preachers, bankers, mail carriers, taxi drivers, insurance agents, oculists, dentists or black berry peddlers that may be interested in good roads you too have an invitation to attend this meeting. If the farmer and the road hands who are to blame for all bad roads in Crittenden county (?) want to be at this meeting we will try to find room for him. Come on!

Don't forget the date, July 15 at two o'clock P. M. in the court room. Yours very truly,

E. JEFFREY TRAVIS,
County Judge

HOME COMING

Rev. O. E. Johnson and wife of Indiana, who have recently moved from Wyoming are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Craft near Salem. Sunday June 25 his children, grandchildren and great grandchildren went in with well filled baskets and the day was well enjoyed by all present. All his family was there except one son of Lola who was absent on account of sickness.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN

Bay horse about 14 hands high. Saddle horse. Crease fallen. White left hind hoof. Trace marks on both sides. Notify W. M. BURTON, R. R. No. 2, Sturgis, Ky.

CHAUTAUQUA

Monday Evening Closed One of Best Redpath Programs Seen in Our City

Our Chautauqua program for this year is over and many who saw each of the numbers pronounced it the most interesting and best balanced program that has been presented in this city. From the opening number to Monday evening when Vierra's native Hawaiians and Jesse Pugh, the noted humorist, closed the program, every number was well attended and enjoyed by the people of Marion and Crittenden County.

The ladies of the Ladies Club are to be congratulated and thanked for the part which they took in selling the tickets this year and in obtaining guarantees for the Redpath Chautauqua for next year.

On Thursday evening of last week the comedy drama "Turn to the Right" was presented. This drew the biggest crowd of the Chautauqua. It is a great play and was very ably presented, causing no end of fun and heart gripping interest, and was pronounced splendid by the entire audience.

Mary Mason's Marionettes entertained the children Saturday morning and in the afternoon Chester M. Sanford lectured on "Failures of the Misfits". It was pronounced one of the best lectures of the Chautauqua and on a most important subject. The evenings entertainment was the comedy drama "Friendly Enemies." This was a splendid presentation and caused much applause and laughter from the audience.

On Monday the last day of the Chautauqua Vierra's Hawaiians gave a popular concert. This is a company of native Hawaiian players and singers, giving plaintive melodies characteristic of their native music.

On Joy Night of the engagement, the Hawaiians gave another delightful concert followed by Jess Pugh, the fun specialist. A big crowd was present and the audience was delighted with his comedy sketches and dramatic interpretations.

DR. GILBERT DRAWS FINE AND JAIL SENTENCE

Dr. L. E. Gilbert, of Shady Grove was fined \$216 and given a jail sentence of 30 days on a charge of transporting liquor in the Providence police court Tuesday, but an appeal was filed through his attorney Vert C. Frazer. When arrested recently Dr. Gilbert had a pair of saddle bags which contained a demijohn of white mule. In making his defense the doctor testified that the whisky had been mixed with medicine to be used by some of his women patients and was unfit for beverage purposes.—Providence Enterprise.

EASTERN STAR PICNIC

All members of the Eastern Star are urged to join the picnic party at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon July 7 and go to a place near Crooked Creek church, where supper will be prepared and served.

MRS. C. B. HINA, W. M.

FOR SALE

Farm consisting of 85 acres 6 1/2 miles from Marion; 1 1/4 mile from school house, good 5-room house; good barn; nice orchard; well-watered. Bargain if taken at once. See or write M. R. Morrill, Rt. 3 or H. L. Settles, S. Star Route. 51*6

MRS. LINNIE JOHNSON DIES

Mrs. Linnie Johnson, a beloved old lady of the Piney section of Crittenden county, died at her home on Wednesday morning of last week. The deceased was a widow of William Johnson, who has been dead a number of years, and was 78 years old. She was the mother of J. W. Johnson of this city and Mrs. J. B. Ford of Crittenden county. A sister Mrs. Sibbie Jenkins, who made her home with Mrs. Johnson, died only last Sunday aged 82. The funeral was held Thursday with interment in the family graveyard.—Providence Enterprise.

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RADIO SET SOON TO BE READY

Installation in Masonic Lodge Room Soon to Be Completed and Ready for Use

The new Radio Receiving set now being installed in the Masonic lodge room will soon be ready for inspection and "listening in" by the Masons. The set is one of the best made by the General Electric Co., whose electrical goods are well known and comprises a receiver having a range of 170 to 700 meters, detector and two stage amplifying unit and a Magnavox loud speaking horn. Additional amplifying equipment may be added later.

In spite of the extremely unfavorable atmospheric conditions, static, etc., a number of the large broadcasting stations have been heard, among which were Atlanta, Indianapolis, Detroit, Pittsburg and Newark. The Courier-Journal station at Louisville will be in operation about July 15. Market and weather reports and music are broadcasted at intervals throughout the day and the evening programs consist of concerts by orchestras, bands, quartets, soloists, etc.

On account of the static and other interferences during the hot summer months, the Radio entertainment cannot be enjoyed at its best.

Guy Lamb and Bob Wilborn are installing and "tuning" up the outfit and will probably have permanent installation made within the next few days, after which it will be ready for the entertainment of the members of the Masonic fraternity and their families.

It may be interesting to note that the Rev. M. E. Dodd, who conducted a series of meetings at the First Baptist church here some years ago is now pastor of a church at Shreveport, La., and that his congregation

has recently completed a new half-million dollar church building and have put in a broadcasting set and his sermons have been heard at a number of places in the south. His mother, who is 82 years old, residing at Trenton, Tenn., has a receiving set and can hear his messages every Sunday.

SHORTAGE OF TEACHERS LIKELY

County Superintendent J. L. F. Paris reports that about 75 percent of the public schools of the county have been taken and that there is likely to be a shortage of teachers for the coming season. This is caused by the rather rigid examinations of the applicants for certificates and by the dropping out of some of the teachers on account of the pay. The new state law adding another month to the term making seven months to teach with the same amount of money to pay the teachers as last year they got for teaching—six months makes it a hardship on the teachers, as most districts are unwilling to vote any additional tax to supplement the school fund.

GOES TO PEN

Deputy Sheriff Joe Hunter Travis left Tuesday morning for Eddyville with George H. Fletcher who was convicted at the term of circuit court just closed on an indictment charging him with obtaining money under false pretense. The term of Fletcher's imprisonment is for one year.

THE SUMMER SCHOOL

The Crittenden county summer school for teachers now in its fifth week is nearing its close. The term has been a very successful one with an attendance of about 60. This compares favorably with the attendance of similar schools of other counties of the state. The instructors are R. E. Jaggers and J. M. F. Hays and Sigsby Lowery.

HON. JOHN F. KRAMER

Despite the storm of rain which visited the city Sunday evening the address given by John F. Kramer, First Prohibitionist given at the Methodist church drew a big crowd. The address was greatly appreciated and highly complimented. The music led by Billy Yates was a pleasing feature of the meeting.

Rev. J. C. Lilly will be assisted in his revival meetings this summer by Rev. D. P. DeHeart, of Ashland, who will lead the singing.

REGISTRATION LAW INVALID

Court of Appeals Holds Act of 1922 Legislature Is Unconstitutional

The general registration act of 1922 requiring all voters to register in every precinct in the state the second Monday and Tuesday in July, was held unconstitutional by Chief Justice Rollin Hurt of the Court of Appeals granting an injunction of J. M. Perkins prominent Republican of Frankfort, to restrain the Franklin County Board of Election Commissioners from holding the registration. The suit was backed by the Republican state organization.

All the judges of the Court of Appeals considered the case with the Chief Justice, and all concurred in the conclusion excepting Judge William Rogers Clay, who filed a dissenting opinion.

The act was held unconstitutional because it does not provide for a special election or for a special election or for a special registration of public officers, militia-men, jurors and others whose duties prevent them from registering on the regular registration day.

TABERNACLE MEETING

Rev. O. M. Capshaw, pastor of the Tolu Methodist church and Evangelist H. O. Franklin left Monday for Crofton, where they will engage in a revival meeting. The services will be held in a big tabernacle under the auspices of the Crofton Methodist Church.

THE SCHOOL PER CAPITA

Schools throughout Kentucky will receive \$5.40 from the state for each child in the district in which the individual school is located. This has been announced by State Superintendent of Public Instruction George Colvin. This is the same per capita allowance made last year and is based on the prospective revenues of the state.

FORMER MARION CITIZEN DIES IN IDAHO

News has reached here of the death in Idaho of James Tilford Elder who was born and reared in Crittenden county and will be remembered by many of our older readers. More than twenty years ago he left here with his family for the west locating first in Kansas and afterward in Idaho.

Mr. Elder was a great church and Sunday school worker and was for a number of years County President of the Kentucky Sunday School Association. He is survived by his wife who was before her marriage Miss Mary Dowell, and by eight children, four boys and four girls, all of whom are married and live in the west. His two eldest sons, Robert and Ed are attorneys at law in their Idaho city. The deceased had a large number of relatives and friends in this county.

BUSINESS FOR SALE

On account of poor health I will sell the agency for the J. R. Watkins Medicine Co. for Crittenden county; also my wagon and team and a nice clean stock of goods. Hustling salesman can make good money as every home can use Watkins products. Write or call on

J. H. NIMMO, Marion, Ky.

OLD LADY DIES

Mrs. Sallie Jenkins, aged 82 years, died at the home of her brother, Judge Aaron Towery, in Crittenden county Sunday and the interment was in the Odd Fellows cemetery at Madisonville Monday afternoon.—Enterprise.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to take this opportunity thru the medium of the paper to thank the many friends for the many kindnesses shown to us in the darkest hour of our lives. The one bright spot in the gloom of sorrow thru which we have passed is the fact that to us was shown by all the true spirit of Christ in loving words, kindly acts, and genuine expressions of sympathy. May God richly bless all our dear friends who so nobly rendered to us assistance.

Mrs. E. H. Holtzclaw and Family

CIRCUIT COURT

After Completing Commonwealth Docket Petit Jury Was Discharged Thursday

The case of Marsh Crider, under an indictment charging him with selling spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, was tried Wednesday of last week, resulting in a hung jury.

The case of C. C. Bebout charged with violation of the prohibition laws by selling whisky, was tried Wednesday, the jury returning a verdict of guilty and fixing his punishment at \$50 fine and 30 days in jail.

Achard Shelby, colored, was tried under two indictments each charging him with a violation of the prohibition laws by selling whisky, was tried Wednesday, the jury returning a verdict of guilty and fixing his punishment at \$50 and 30 days in jail in each case.

All the judges of the Court of Appeals considered the case with the Chief Justice, and all concurred in the conclusion excepting Judge William Rogers Clay, who filed a dissenting opinion.

The act was held unconstitutional because it does not provide for a special election or for a special election or for a special registration of public officers, militia-men, jurors and others whose duties prevent them from registering on the regular registration day.

The defendant then plead guilty and was given a fine and imprisonment by the court of \$50 and 30 days in the county jail.

Three bottles of whisky which had been used as evidence in the cases were turned over by the court to Deputy Sheriff H. K. Woods, who publicly poured the contents on the ground.

The Commonwealth docket having been disposed of the petit jury was discharged at noon last Thursday.

GOOD WHEAT CROP

Mr. J. I. Clement sowed a field of Jersey Fultz wheat on his farm a few miles south of town which yielded a crop of 23.4 bushels to the acre. The wheat had a generous application of phosphate and limestone.

DEATH CLAIMS

E. H. HOLTZCLAW

Ellis Heady Holtzclaw died Saturday evening July 1, at his home on West Bellville street after a short illness, in the seventy-third year of his age.

Funeral services were held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the Main Street Presbyterian church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. N. Hart, The remains were laid to rest in Maple View cemetery.

Mr. Holtzclaw is survived by his wife, who was before marriage Miss Stewart, and by a daughter, Miss Lena Holtzclaw, of this city.

Mr. Holtzclaw came to this city with his family in 1894 and was therefore a resident of Marion for 28 years. He was a good citizen, a devoted husband and father and for many years had been a member of the Presbyterian Church and an elder in this church for a number of years.

A TWO DAYS PICNIC

Mr. Charles B. Hina, teacher in the Sunday School of the Main Street Presbyterian church took his class out Wednesday morning for a two days picnic. They took a camping outfit, drove to the piney woods where they pitched their tents, had a delightful time with plenty of good things to eat and just lots of fun, returning Thursday evening. The pastor, Rev. E. N. Hart, was also among the picnickers.

COAL MINERS

Wanted to let contract for operations on coal property at once. Call or see D. O. CARNAHAN, Marion, Ky. Phone 64.

BIG CABBAGE HEAD

Mr. E. L. Nunn of this city has brought to this office the largest head of cabbage that has been reported so far. The head exhibited here is thirty-six inches in circumference, eleven inches in diameter and weighs twelve pounds. Mr. Nunn says he has other heads in his cabbage patch just like it.

Green testified he was sinking a well and the officers came upon him and Ed Presley, a laborer, he said Gaskins commanded them to throw up their hands which they did and both defendants then approached them with guns and searched their persons for arms. Green asked them if they had a search warrant and they replied they did not. He said they were under arrest for more than an hour guarded by three officers while a search was made of the premises.

Gaskins testified he drew his rifle on Ed Presley when Presley failed to throw up his hands, but denied drawing the weapon on Green. He said Manley did not have a rifle. Manley testified he did not have a rifle, but that W. C. Kimball, federal agent, had one.

Magistrate Bennett in rendering his decision said the defendants made an illegal search because they did not have a search warrant.

SISTERS

By KATHLEEN NORRIS

Copyright by Kathleen Norris

CHAPTER XX—Continued.

—20—

"You must never worry about money," he told her. "And if ever you need it—if it is a question of a long trip, or of more operations—if there is any chance—"

"I shall remember that I have a big brother!" she said.

The room was scented by the sweet, damp flowers, and by the good odor of lazily burning logs; yet to Peter there was chill and desolation in the air. Cherry took up the glass bowl in both careful hands, and went away in the direction of the study, but he stood at the window for a long time staring dully out at the battered chrysanthemums and the swishing branches, and the steadily falling rain.

A few days later, on a day of uncertain sunshine and showers, Peter left them. To Cherry Peter's going was a relief; it burned one more bridge behind her. It confirmed her in the path she had chosen; it was to

which was blazing freshly up to the chimney's great throat. He sat down, staring at the flames.

Buck pushed open the swinging door between the pantry and the sitting room, and came in, in a question in his bright eyes, his great plump tail beating the floor as he lay down at Peter's side. Presently the dog laid his nose on Peter's knee and poured forth a faint sound that was not quite a whine, not quite a sigh, and rose restlessly, and went to the closed door of Alix's room, and pawed it, his eager nose to the threshold.

"Not here, old fellow!" Peter said, stroking the silky head under his hand.

He had not been in this room since the day of her death. It struck him as strangely changed, strangely and heartrendingly familiar. The windows were closed, as Alix had never had them closed, winter or summer, rain or sunshine. Her books stood in their old order, her student's Shakespeare, and some of her girlhood's books, "Little Women," and "Uncle Max." In the closet, which exhaled a damp and woody smell, were one or two of the boyish-looking hats he had so often seen her crush carelessly on her dark hair, and the big belted coat that was as plain as his own, and the big boots she wore when she tramped about the poultry yard, still spattered with pale, dry mud. Her father's worn little Bible lay on the table, and beside it another book, "Duet Raising for the Market," with the marks of muddy and mealy hands still lingering on its cover.

It was unsigned.

Peter sat staring at it for a while without moving, without the stir of a changing expression on his face. Then he folded it up, and put it in the pocket of his coat, and went out to the back yard, where Kow was feeding the chickens. The wet, dark day was ending brilliantly in a wash of red sunset light that sent long shadows from the young fruit trees, and touched every twig with a dull glow.

"Kow," Peter said, after an effort to speak that was unsuccessful. The Chinese boy looked at him solicitously; for Peter's face was ashen, and about his mouth were drawn lines.

"Kow," he said, "I go now."

"Go now other house?" Kow nodded, glancing toward the valley.

But Peter jerked his head instead toward the bare ridge.

"No, I go now—not come back!" he said, briefly. "Tonight—maybe Bozeman—tomorrow, Inverness. I don't know. By add by the big mountains, Kow—and by I forgot!"

Tears glittered in the Chinese boy's eyes, but he smiled with a great air of cheer.

"I keep house!" he promised.

The dog came fawning and springing from the stables, and Peter whistled to him.

"Come on Buck! We're going now!"

He opened the farmyard gate where her hand had so often rested, crossed the muddy corral, opened another gate, and struck off across the darkening world toward the ridge. The last sunlight lingered on crest and tree-top, tangled itself redly in the uppermost branches of a few tall redwoods, and was gone. Twilight—a long twilight that had in it some hint of spring—lay softly over the valley; the mountain loomed high in the clear shadow.

Gaining the top of the first ridge, he paused and looked back at the cabin, the little brown house that he had built almost fifteen years ago. He remembered that it was in the beginning a sort of experiment; his mother and he were too much alone in their big city house, and she had suggested, with rare wisdom, that as he did not care for society, and as his travels always meant great loneliness for her, he should have a little eyrie of his own, to which he might retreat whenever the fancy touched him.

She loved her life, he mused, with a bitter heartache, as he stood here in her empty room. Sometimes he had marveled at the complete and unquestioning joy she had brought to it. Peter reminded himself that never in their years together had he heard her complain about anything, or seem to feel bored or at a loss.

"We've always thought of Cherry as the child!" he thought. "But it was she, Alix, who was the real child. She never grew up. She never entered into the time of moods and self-analysis and jealousies and desires! She would have played and picnicked all her life."

His heart pressed like a dull pain in his chest. Dully, quietly, he went out to the fire again, and dully and quietly moved through the day. Her books and music might stand as they were, her potted ferns and her scattered small possessions—the sewing-basket that she always handled with a boy's awkwardness, and the camera she used so well—should keep their places. But he went to her desk, thinking in this long, solitary evening, to destroy various papers that she might wish destroyed before the cabin was deserted. And here he found her letter.

He found it only after he had somewhat explored the different small drawers and pigeonholes of the desk, drawers and pigeonholes which were, to his surprise, all in astonishing order for Alix. Everything was marked, tied, pocketed; her accounts were balanced, and if she had anywhere left private papers, they were at least nowhere to be found.

Seeing in all this a dread confirmation of his first suspicion of her death, Peter nevertheless experienced a shock when he found her letter.

It had been placed in an empty drawer, face up, and was sealed, and addressed simply with his name.

He sat holding it in his hand, and moments passed before he could open it.

It was dusted, orderly, complete; he and Alix might have left it yesterday. Kow had seen him coming, he thought, and had had time to light the fire, I crust? He had been weighing, meas-

quietly established in her father's lap, had smiled with mischievous enjoyment; nobody else, to Peter's surprise, had paid this extraordinary remark the slightest attention. He remembered that he had fancied only the smallest of these children, and had been glad when they all went out of the room.

Looking down at the cabin, the years slipped past him like a flying film, and it was the present again, and Alix—Alix was gone.

He roused himself, spoke to the dog, and they went on their way again. Mud squelched beneath Peter's boots in the roadway; the dog sprang lightly from clump to clump of dried grass. But when they left the road, and cut straight across the rise of the hillside, the ground was firmer, and the two figures moved swiftly through the dark night. The early stars came out, and showed them, silhouetted against the sky above Alix's beloved Tamalpais, the man's erect form with its slight limp, the dog following faithfully, his plump tail and feathered ruff showing a dull luster in the starlight.

Cherry, with her violet eyes and corn-colored hair, Cherry, with her little hands gathered in his, and her heart beating against his heart, and Alix, his chum, his companion, his comrade on so many night walks under the stars—he had lost them both. But it was Alix who was closest to his thoughts tonight. Alix, the thought of whom was gradually gripping his heart and soul with a new pain.

Alix was his own; Cherry had never been his own. It was for him to comfort Cherry, it had always been his mission to comfort Cherry, since the days of her broken dolls and cut fingers. But Alix was his own comforter, and Alix might have been laughing and stumbling and chattering beside him here, in the dark, wet woods, full of a child's happy satisfaction in the moment and confidence in the morrow.

"Alix, my wife!" he said softly, aloud. "I loved Cherry—always. But you were mine—you were mine. We belonged to each other—for better and for worse—and I have let you go!"

He went on and on and on. They were plowing down hill now, under the trees. He would see a light after a while, and sleep for a few hours, and have a hunter's breakfast, and gone again. And he knew that for weeks—for months—perhaps for years, he would wander so, through the great mountains, with their snow and their forests, over the seas, in strange cities and stranger solitudes. Always alone, always moving, always remembering. That would be his life. And some day—some day perhaps he would come back to the valley she had loved—

But even now he receded in the distance from that hour. To see the familiar faces to come up to the cabin again, to touch the music and the books—

Worse, to find Cherry a little older, happy, and busy in her life of sacrifice, not needing him, not very much wanting the reminder of the old tragic times—

An owl cried in the woods; the mournful sound floated and drifted away into utter silence. Some small animal, meeting the death its brief life had evaded a hundred times, screamed shrilly, and was silent. Great branches, stirred by the night wind, moved high above his head, and when there was utter silence, Peter could hear the steady, soft rush of the Sun Dance without a murmur proved that he was a man utterly indifferent to pain, danger or death.

After the Sioux wars were over Rain-in-The-Face settled on the Standing Rock reservation and in 1880 applied for admission to the Hampton school, an effort which inspired a second poem about him—this time from the pen of another great American poet, John G. Whittier. On the reservation Rain-in-The-Face became the War of Custer.

The circumstances connected with his killing the two civilians from Custer's command showed that he was a ruthless, savage warrior. His bold attack on Fort Totten, N. D., in 1869 with two companions, an act of sheer bravado growing out of a dare, and his endurance of the worst tortures of the Sun Dance without a murmur proved that he was a man utterly indifferent to pain, danger or death.

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Eliza's Courtship Plan

By JESSE DOUGLAS

© 1922, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate

The preliminaries of courtship had progressed smoothly enough. Fred Titus had known Eliza Stone only a month; they had danced together, ridden together, motored together. Fred had called several times at the apartment where Eliza, with another young woman, lived in town with a distant cousin of age to act as chaperone. He had also spent the day at the Stone country place, where Eliza spent week-ends—this to give Eliza's parents and brothers and sisters an opportunity to say pleasant or unpleasant things about him. So far, so good. It seemed as if the rest—pleasant little episode of making desperate love to Eliza and being accepted—would be supremely easy.

"Eliza has a lot of funny notions," suggested Mrs. Gifford, who played the role of chaperone, one day when Fred dropped in the apartment on his way from a canter in the park before Eliza had come home from one of her lectures. "She likes men and she thinks a lot of you—it isn't that she is averse to marriage. But she takes herself seriously, or at least with a different sort of seriousness from that of girls when I was young."

This only served to spur Fred on to the final declaration of his love. He determined that the time should be that evening and the place, if Mrs. Gifford would have the good grace to leave them alone, would be the apartment where he was then sitting.

And Mrs. Gifford did make or find an excuse and pointedly remarked as she left Eliza and Fred together after Eliza had returned from lectures that she would not be back until half past six, and that Hazel, her other charge, would not be back until after dinner. So there was an hour and a half before them. Surely troth could be plighted in that time after, after all preliminaries had been so carefully attended to.

Eliza refused to be the least bit sentimental. As soon as she launched out on a definite proposal she seemed to command all her powers of reasoning.

"I've been doing a lot of thinking," Eliza began. "Of course it would be the easiest thing in the world to give in completely, yield to the natural inclination and promise to be yours forever."

"Then you love me—Eliza—please?"

"Don't be foolish or impatient. That isn't really the point at issue. I tell you I have been thinking a lot lately. Girls have the hardest roles to play in this question of choosing mates. A man goes ahead from the time he is a boy and searches out his natural bent and educates himself to that one goal in view. He wants to be a doctor, or he wants to be a financier, or he wants to build a house—and all his education is directed to that end. He marries and he goes right on being a doctor or financier or a carpenter and his wife lives in a realm of doctoring or financing or house building for the rest of her married life."

"But when a girl starts in to educate herself she has in the back of her mind that, though she would perhaps rather live in the realm of doctoring or financing than anything else, she had better not become too specialized, because, after all, the chances are that she will marry. To become too specialized rather unites one for marriage—that is, unless one is lucky enough to marry a man who has specialized in the same way that she has. She always goes about with the feeling that she might marry a lawyer or a writer or a college professor and that she mustn't do anything that would unfit her for anything. So you see a girl wastes a lot of time and mental energy."

"I discovered this state of affairs some time ago," continued Eliza. "I decided that I really did want to marry; that I was best suited to a married life. But I also wanted to have something to do with doctoring. Every one tells me that my talents lie in that direction. So, though I am not studying medicine for a degree, I have begun taking courses at the medical college. I am going to marry a doctor—"

"But suppose the doctor doesn't turn up? That is, suppose you don't happen to fall in love with any of the doctors that want to marry you?"

Eliza smiled a little indulgently. "You put things so bluntly sometimes," said Eliza. "My point is that a woman ought to be specially educated to be a helpful and intelligent wife, and that it is easier to select a husband to suit your capabilities than to modify your capabilities to suit the first man you take a fancy to."

"That's certainly a very interesting theory," agreed Fred Titus. "And you are quite frank in explaining it instead of beating around the bush and keeping me in suspense." Fred held out his hand and said good-by. Obviously there was only one thing he wished to talk about, and that was seemingly taboo. He turned back after he had reached the threshold. "Anyway, you have no personal objections—that is, if I happened to fit in with your scheme of activities you would give me a chance."

Eliza looked reproachful. "You know I would, Fred," she said. "Please don't make me feel any worse about it than I do."

After that, six months passed, but Fred Titus never called at the apart-

ment or country home of Eliza Stone. From time to time he wrote to her so that she might not feel that he bore her any resentment. He preferred, he said, not to see her, since she had explained her plan to him.

Then, after the six months had passed and the mild days of spring were alternating with warm days of summer, Eliza returned to her apartment one day to find Fred Titus in the little reception room. The cousin had admitted him, but having an errand had left him alone in the apartment until Eliza's return from classes.

"Are you still sworn to your plan?" Fred asked her after the brief preliminaries of greeting.

"Why, yes," said Eliza, though Fred thought without as much conviction as she had shown six months before.

"Have you found your doctor?"

"No—that is, I haven't found any who appeal to me as possible husbands. But of course I'm ready to marry anyway. After I finish my lectures in medicine I intend to spend a year studying domestic science, so that I can keep house as I should. I want to learn to drive a car, for there will be times at the start when my husband cannot afford a chauffeur. I would like to take a course in dressmaking, because at first doctors have small incomes and we can save so much if I will make my own dresses. It will all take a long time. But it is part of my plan—I shall never give it up."

"Do you know that I too have a plan?" said Fred, bringing his chair nearer to Eliza. "I want you to let me explain it to you."

"I never imagined you had thought about such things," said Eliza. "That is, I thought you just took life as it comes. You have enough money. I thought just keeping track of that was enough to keep you busy. I—"

"Let me explain," interrupted Fred. "I think it is very important for a man to do the kind of work he is best suited for, but I think that very often he doesn't know what he is best suited for. Often it is chance, often he follows the work of his father before him. The important thing is to be thoroughly trained and to make up his mind to make a success. There's another important thing for a man, and that is to marry the girl he loves—especially," said Fred, looking very intently into the eyes of Eliza, "if that girl really loves him."

"Well," continued Fred, "you'd set your heart on marrying a doctor and I'd set my heart on marrying you. After you explained that, I arranged my affairs so that I could neglect them a little and I started studying medicine. I have been working at medical college ever since. I have sometimes seen you in the extension lecture rooms. I've done extra work all winter to make up for lost time. I have still a good many years to go, but there is no rule in the medical college that a student should not marry before he graduates. And fortunately I can afford to marry when I choose. As far as you are concerned—you could cut out that course in dressmaking and housekeeping and motor driving. I guess we won't have to economize as much as that. I don't want you for a chauffeur or a cook or a housekeeper. Don't you think that I've gone half way? You wanted to marry a doctor and I've started out to be one so you could marry me instead of some one you might not love. And you do love me, don't you?"

"Love you—of course I do," said Eliza. "But she didn't say that the reason she had taken courses in medicine and the facts behind all her little plan were that she thought Fred Titus ought not to content himself with merely looking after his own money, and that, after careful consideration she had decided that what he was best suited for was the career of a doctor."

EXPLAIN SOME EXPRESSIONS

Few Persons Know Real Meaning of the Words They Are Making Use Of.

There are many expressions made use of by persons every day who little know the real meaning of the words they are making use of. Why, for instance, does A 1 mean "first rate" and why does "first rate" mean something of the highest degree of excellence? A 1 is derived from the symbol denoting ships in the best condition in Lloyd's Registry of Shipping, and "first rate" is an allusion to a warship of the highest class. To have an axe to grind is from the American backwoodsman's practice of calling at houses ostensibly to grind an axe, but in reality to obtain a drink. Bogus: From Borghese, a swindler who about 1837 in Boston passed worthless securities. To take the cake: Allusion to the prize of a cake in negro cake-walking contests. The deuce: From the German "das dus." Possibly connected with the Celtic "dus," a wood demon. To mind one's P's and Q's: A reference to the pints and quarts chalked up in country public houses against credit customers.

LOWER CONSTRUCTION COSTS

Decreased Prices Are Indicated in Bids Submitted on Federal-Aid Highways.

Confirmation of the predicted lower level prices for road construction this year is found in the reports on bid prices of 286 miles of federal-aid roads received by the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture.

The average cost per mile of some of the types of roadway, including the cost of grading and drainage, were:

78 miles of gravel at \$9,150 a mile, 46 miles of concrete at \$29,000 a mile, 47 miles of bituminous macadam at \$25,200 a mile, and 23 miles of bituminous concrete at \$25,000 a mile.

PAY IT OUT OF TAXES.

Georgia is planning expenditures of \$75,000,000 for the construction of a network of highways throughout the state. The costs are to be paid entirely by tax on gasoline and motor license revenue.

HIGHWAY COST PER PERSON.

After deducting the amount paid by

automobiles in license fees, one and one-tenth cents per day was the cost of the American highway to the individual man, woman and child in this country last year.

Bears Vary in Weight.

An adult polar bear (white bear) is said to weigh sometimes as much as 1,000 pounds, and to have a length of nine feet or more. The Kodiak, or Alaskan bears—found on Kodiak Island, Alaska, and the mainland near it—are said to be extremely large, some of them (not the heaviest), weighing 1,200 pounds—while the measurement given for the skin of one was nine feet from paw to paw across the shoulders. A good-sized American grizzly has a length of nine feet and a weight of about 1,000 pounds. Russian brown bears have been known to weigh 800 pounds; the American black bear rarely weighs more than 400 pounds, and a fair-sized Indian sloth bear has a weight of from 200 to 300 pounds.

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GOOD HIGHWAYS

ROAD WAGES ARE DECREASED

Bureau of Public Roads Prepares Chart Giving Interesting Study of Conditions.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A chart prepared by the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture showing the trend of common labor wages on highway construction in various geographic divisions since 1915 presents an interesting study of conditions during the period. The price per hour which in 1915 ranged from 12 cents to 28 cents, gradually rose to from 31 to 62 cents in 1920 and has now declined to from 15 to 47 cents. At the present time the prices are as follows: 15 cents in the South Atlantic states; 18 cents in the states east of and bordering the Ohio and Mississippi rivers and including Alabama, 24 cents in the Texas, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Louisiana group, 26 cents in the states included between the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, 29 cents in the states from Kansas and Missouri to the Canadian border, 36 cents in the mountain states and 47 cents in the Pacific states. Figures for the New England and Middle Atlantic states have not yet been completed.

On the chart referred to the lines showing the trend in the various divisions have the same general rise and fall and cross each other in only a few cases, a particular exception being in the states from Kansas and Missouri north to the border, where the highest rate of all the groups prevailed up to 1920 and which has since shown the most marked decrease, dropping from 62 cents in 1920 to 29 cents in March.

SURVEYS LESSEN ROAD COST

Contractors Given More Definite Basis for Bidding on Construction of Highways.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Road material surveys now being made in several states will give contractors a more definite basis for bidding on road work and result in cheaper costs of construction, says the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture.

In making these surveys, supplies of stone, gravel, sand, slag, and other materials are located, samples tested and information secured as to accessibility, freight rates, and other factors. This information is of permanent value as supplies are rarely exhausted. By furnishing a contractor information as to the location of satisfactory

roads, contractors will be able to bid on the basis of the cost of the materials and the cost of transporting them to the job.

For your daughter's sake, use Red Cross Ball Blue in the laundry. She will then have that dainty, well-groomed appearance that girls admire.—Advertisement.

Seventh Crusade.

If you were on the Mount of Olives today, or along the shores of the Jordan, you might hear the whirr of the propeller as the plane from Jerusalem hops off on its regular flight to the northward, with mail and passengers.

An appealing fact in the news of the day! It might be called the Seventh Crusade. The thinker has at least captured the Holy Land, which for 20 centuries successfully resisted the soldier.—Farm Life.

DON'T FORGET CUTICURA TALCUM.

When adding to your toilet requisites.

An exquisite face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum).

25c each everywhere.—Advertisement.

BACK TO THE SIMPLE LIFE.

Back to his native hut, there recently sailed from England a South Sea Islander, a direct descendant of the line of famous Fiji chieftains. He graduated from Oxford University, England, in 1919, served as a cook with the R. M. A. corps in France in 1916 and later as a clerk with the Royal Scotch Dragoons, earning a bravery clasp and being medaled by King George. He has returned to the South Pacific, deserting civilization to live among his fellow Fiji Islanders.

DR. PEERY'S "DEAD SHOT."

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is the only vermicide which operates thoroughly after one dose and removes worms and tapeworms from the body without hindrance and breed, without the need of castor oil. One dose, one effect. 272 Pearl St., New York City.—Advertisement.

TRIANGLE STUFF.

"Here's a pathetic story."

"Well?"

"A chorus girl in reduced circumstances was forced to take employment as a nurse maid with a millionaire's family."

"Umph! That's not so pathetic."

Homes have been broken up that way."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

FOR HURTS AND SORENESS.

Apply Vacher-Balm. Nothing is "just as good," no matter what you pay. Ask your druggist. E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Advertisement.

DOGS IN CONVERSATION.

Robert heard his mother say she had

had a long conversation with Mrs. Brown, when they both were hanging clothes from their back porches. Robert asked what conversation meant.

His mother replied, "We were talking with each other."

When Robert heard his dog, Topsy, and Mrs. Brown's dog exchanging barks from their back porches, he said,

"Mamma, just listen at Topsy and Snowball having conversation with each other."

HER HEART UPON HER SLEEVE.

From a Novel—"It is in her arms that a beautiful woman carries her soul." Not a big armful in most cases.

—Exchange.

GET IT OUT OF TAXES.

The sooner eggs are set after being laid the better. There is no such thing as setting them too soon for best results.

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THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

Marion, Ky., July 7, 1922

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of Congress of March 3rd, 1873.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
in County and Zone One \$1.50
Zone Two and Beyond \$2.00

Farm Bureau Notes

Junior Club Camp
The Crittenden County Junior Agricultural Club will hold a camp at Chapel Hill the week of July 24th. The camp will run for four days under adequate supervision. The purpose being to teach boys and girls the four standards, to inspire boys and girls to lift themselves toward these standards and to discover and train boys and girls for leadership. The members attending will be given instruction in agriculture and home economics, wood craft, Indian lore and nature study; home club plans and first aid in saving life and health. The members will be divided into tribes each tribe competing with the other in camp contests and living up to the rules of the camp. Four instructors are coming from Lexington and a Y. M. C. A. man from Louisville to assist in this camp.

This camp is the first of its kind in the county. It will be a very worth while camp and one that means much to the future farmers of the county. The County Agent will be glad to give all possible information on this camp. Come in and see him County Court day and talk over the plans.

Stomach Worms in Sheep

One of the most serious enemies of the sheep industry in Kentucky is the stomach worm. It is safe to say that practically every flock in the state is infected with stomach worms altho the symptoms may not be plainly evident. The only safe and economical way of raising sheep where stomach worms are a factor is by managing the flocks and pastures in such a way as to prevent a serious development of the trouble.

White Stains on Hardwood

A mixture of salt and olive oil will remove white stains from hardwood which are caused by hot dishes. The dry spot is covered thickly with salt, and then as much olive oil is poured over as the grains will take up. This stands over night, and in the morning the discoloration should be briskly rubbed with the mixture, which is then wiped off. If there is still any trace of stain, the application is repeated again standing for hours.

SYMPTOMS—Either sheep or the lambs may be infected with stomach worms at any time of the year. Generally the first sign of trouble is the death of one or more lambs. Dullness, lack of thrift and scouring accompanied by a very pale bloodless skin and mucous membrane of the eyes and mouth are first symptoms. Some times there is a watery swelling under the jaws.

Stomach worms injure sheep in three ways: By sucking blood; By destroying the red corpuscles of the blood; by bacterial infection thru the wounds which they make in the lining of the stomach.

TREATMENT—Change pastures frequently. If permanent pastures are used alone, adequate control would call for as many separate pastures as would allow the flock to be moved at least every two weeks without going on the same ground twice in 12 months. This frequently cannot be done. Many cases if not too far advanced can be treated successfully by drenching with a weak solution of blue stone.

Dissolve one-fourth pound of the powdered crystals of blustone in one pint of boiling water using porcelain or enamel ware dish as the blue stone corrodes most metals. Then add enough water to make the solution up to three gallons using wooden, earthenware or other non-metallic receptacles. This will make approximately a solution enough for 100 sheep. Crush the crystals to a fine powder when ready to make up the solution.

For lambs under one year 1 3/4 ounces. For sheep one year and older use 3 1/2 ounces 1 1/2 bottle. Use an ordinary coca-cola bottle with the opening made smaller by inserting half of cork into it. This prevents the liquid from flowing out so rapidly as to strangle the sheep.

The County Agent will be glad to give demonstrations in drenching for stomach worms where it is desired.

CITY ORDINANCE

An ordinance or resolution, assessing the cost of oiling and sanding the streets of Marion Kentucky as a tax against the owners of the property abutting on the streets oiled and sanded and creating a lien on the property abutting on said streets to secure the payment of said tax.

Whereas the streets or portions thereof ordered to be improved by oiling, and designated in a resolution for that purpose passed by the common council of the city of Marion on the 3d day of April 1922 having been so oiled sanded and improved at a cost thereof per square foot of five and one quarter mills per square foot for oiling and sanding, and four and one quarter mills per square foot where oiled only.

That said cost per square foot as above indicated be and the same is hereby fixed and established for said oiling and sanding and that the city street commissioners be and they are hereby directed to apportion the cost thereof among the various parties owning said property abutting on said oiled, or oiled and sanded streets on a basis of five and one quarter mills for oiling and sanding, and four and one quarter mills for oiling only per square foot, and certify same with the names of the parties owning the property to the common council.

It is therefore ordered by the common council of the city of Marion that there is now assessed and levied against those who own the property abutting on the streets and alleys so oiled, or oiled and sanded by said street commissioners the full cost of oiling or oiling and sanding to wit: five and one quarter mills per square foot for oiling and sanding, and four and one quarter mills per square foot oiling only, as a tax against their property to be known as an oiling tax, to be collected as other tax of the city, and the city shall have the same tax lien against the property abutting on the street or portion thereof or alleys and the collection thereof shall be enforced in the same manner as the collection of other taxes collected for the city. Said tax to become due and payable within 30 days after notice of same has been given as required by the Kentucky Statutes Sec 2741 E 4 and if same is not paid at the expiration of 30 days there shall be imposed a penalty of 10 per cent on the amount due.

Passed and approved this the 5th day of July 1922.

BEBE BOSWELL, Mayor
E. L. HARPENDING, Clerk

Crittenden County Court
Commonwealth of Kentucky

By V. O. Chandler, Sheriff, Plaintiff
vs. John C. Angell, Assignee Bell & Heath Mountain Coal Mining Co., Defendant.

By virtue of a judgment rendered in the above styled action I will on Monday the 10th day of July 1922 between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. at the front door of the Court House in Marion, Crittenden County, Kentucky, expose for sale to the highest and best bidder for cash the following described property or so much as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes, penalties, Suit and Costs assessed against said property and costs amounting to the sum of \$85.60.

The minerals and right to mine the same in and under the following described tract of land conveyed to the Bell and Heath Mountain Coal Mining Company by Caroline M. Carville on the 1st day of Sept. 1866 by deed of record in Deed Book H on page 328 in Crittenden County Court Clerk's office and described as follows:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a black oak, William Newcom's second corner running thence N. 6 W. 101 poles to an ash, elm and hickory on the bank of Tradewater river, said Peter Casey's upper corner of Survey No. 39; thence S. 70 E. 212 poles to an elm on a branch of a branch on Dudley Newcom's corner, thence S. 80 W. 28 poles up the branch to a sweet gum on the bank of the branch; thence S. 57° 30' W. 16 poles to an elm and sweet gum up the branch above the road passing from Salem to Morganfield, Kentucky; thence S. 17 W. 26 poles to a hickory near the fence of and a corner to William Newcom, Thence N. 78 W. 146 poles to the beginning containing 100 acres.

SECOND TRACT: Being the same conveyed to W. C. Carville on 13th of Sept., 1859 by Thos F. Newcom and wife and bounded as follows: beginning on a black oak and running thence North 176 poles to a stake in line of original survey thence West 40 poles to a post oak, thence S. 21 W. 120 poles to a black gum; thence S. 18, E 30 poles to a black oak; thence S. 70 E. 82 poles to the beginning containing 74 acres more or less.

THIRD TRACT: Conveyed by R. B Young and wife to W. C. Carville on 13th day of March 1857 and bounded as follows: Beginning on a hickory, lower corner to John Snodgrass, run-

Illinois Central System Dollar: Where It Comes from and Where It Goes

Railway statistics are confusing to many persons because they are expressed in terms of millions. In the tables presented herewith we have attempted to tell the story of the receipts and expenditures of the Illinois Central System in terms of the cents which make up a dollar. The railroad receives a dollar and spends it; these tables show how the Illinois Central System dollar was received and spent in 1921:

WHERE THE 1921 DOLLAR CAME FROM

	Cents
Transportation of freight (44,637,166 tons; average distance per ton 270.46 miles; average revenue per ton per mile 1.015 cents)	71.71
Transportation of passengers (37,027,889 passengers; average distance per passenger 25.25 miles; average revenue per passenger per mile 3.194 cents)	16.98
Transportation of Mail	1.69
Transportation of express	1.53
Sources related to freight service, such as demurrage and storage and special service	0.49
Switching service	0.85
Sources related to passenger service, such as operation of parlor cars, excess baggage, etc.	0.56
Hotel, restaurant, dining and buffet service	0.58
Station and train privileges and miscellaneous	0.32
Rents of equipment, road, buildings and other property, joint facilities, and miscellaneous income	2.79
Income from corporate investments	2.50
	100.00

WHERE THE 1921 DOLLAR WENT

	Wages	Material	Total
	Cents	Cents	Cents
Maintenance of tracks, roadbed, buildings bridges and other			
Structure (wages 54.7 pct; material 45.3 pct)	8.56	7.09	15.65
Maintenance of locomotives, freight and passenger cars and other equipment (wages 62.67 pct; material 37.33 pct.)	11.87	7.07	18.94
Train, station and switching operations and other transportation service (wages 92.96 pct; material 7.04 pct.)	24.81	1.88	26.69
Traffic agencies, compilation and issuance of tariffs, miscellaneous traffic expenses (wages 73.44 pct; material 26.56 pct.)	0.94	0.34	1.28
Hotel, restaurant, dining and buffet service (wages, 48.39 pct; material, 51.61 pct)	0.30	0.32	0.62
Fuel			
Salaries of clerks and other general office employees			1.48
Legal expenses			0.16
Pension department expenses			0.19
Salaries of general officers			0.15
Valuation expenses			0.37
Miscellaneous general expenses			3.90
Depreciation and retirement of equipment			1.97
Loss, damage and casualties			2.45
Rent of equipment, leased lines, joint facilities and miscellaneous rents			6.85
Interest on bonds and other interest charges			4.48
Dividends on capital stock			5.54
Taxes			1.60
Balance available for enlarging and improving the property			100.00

This statement is made for the purpose of keeping our Patrons informed about the Illinois Central System.

Constructive criticism and suggestions are invited.

C. H. MARKHAM,

President, Illinois Central System.

Visit our
Kiddies Play Room
& Barber Shop

Strouse & Bros. Cool, Summer Clothes

give a man all he wants of such clothes in value and at the same time offers him style that satisfies and comfort that gratifies. Hot-weather Clothes—

\$11.45 and other
Prices up **\$40**
to

Genuine Palm Beach, Tropical
Worsts, Gabardines, Crashes,
Lorraine, Seersuckers, Keep Kool

Special Percale Shirts 79¢

Strouse & Bros. Evansville, Ind.

Parcel Post Prepaid
On Mail Orders.

Fares Refunded According
to M.R.A. Plan.

Incorporated Business.

An incorporated business is one that is owned by a corporation, as distinguished from one owned by an individual or a partnership of individuals. In an incorporated business liability for debts extends only to the property owned by the corporation, whereas an individual doing business in his own name is responsible to the full amount of his possessions.

Better'n an Ice Wagon.

When two little Irish boys asked a woman in an electric machine for a ride, she looked into the upturned dirty faces and couldn't resist. While driving them they sat perfectly still with eyes focused straight ahead, but when they got out she heard one say: "Gee, that's better'n ridin' a ice wagon, hain't it?"

SAGE SAYINGS

Every man alone is sincere; at the entrance of a second person, hypocrisy begins.—Emerson.

Most people, when they come to you for advice, come to have their own opinions corrected.—Billings.

Life is a wrestle with the devil, and only the frivolous think to throw him without taking off their coats.—J. M. Barrie.

In the world's opinion marriage, as in a play, winds up everything; whereas it is, in fact, the beginning of everything.—Mine Swetchine.

Progressive Banking

that keeps pace with your requirements.

With constantly growing facilities this institution is adequately prepared to serve you in every banking matter that may arise in connection with your business or personal affairs. We offer you every convenience of modern banking methods, coupled with a spirit of co-operation—the earnest desire of our organization to help you transact your business pleasantly and satisfactorily.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK
Tolu, Kentucky



Local News

Mr. Maurie Boston was in Evansville Friday.

Mr. W. J. Nunn of Sheridan was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. Hurt Yates of Evansville was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. Lee Tabor was a visitor at Wheatcroft Wednesday.

Mr. R. F. Wheeler is ill at his home on Court Street.

Mr. Will Hughes of the Baker section was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. W. W. Lamb is having a well drilled at his residence on East Bellville street.

Mrs. W. L. Veiner, formerly of this city, died Monday at her home near Pinckneyville in Livingston county.

Miss Louise Rector of Evansville who has been visiting her father, D. N. Rector, at Hampton left for home Wednesday.

The Hawkeye Oil Company, Bart Summersville local manager, is having the buildings and tanks treated to a nice coat of paint which adds much to the appearance of that locality.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Roberts of Louisville were in the city the first of the week.

There will be preaching at the Main Street Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening by the pastor Rev. E. N. Hart.

Mr. Murary Travis of the Sugar Grove section was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. A. C. Babb has moved from Sturgis to Marion, locating in his residence on South Main.

Mr. Guy Olive has added a new porch to his residence on East Depot Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Loyd and daughters, Louise and Charlotte, of Washington, D. C., who were called here by the death of Mr. Loyd's father, J. Frank Loyd, left for home Tuesday.

Miss Marjorie Loyd, of Fredonia, who has been visiting Miss Vivian Rochester, and attending the Chautauqua, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Mildred Smith of Atlanta, Ga., arrived Monday to visit her brother, Marshall Jenkins. She is enroute to her home after a two year stay in Los Angeles, and San Francisco, Calif.

No delinquent patron on light bill will be carried longer than July 10. In order to hold up our business and pay our debts we must collect all past due bills at once. Marion Electric Light Ice and Water Co.

—W. E. Tucker undertaker and embalmer.

—STONE for Glasses, office in the Marion Bank Building.

—HOUSE For Rent.

MISS MATTIE HENRY

The Chamber of Commerce will meet Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer McConnell went to Evansville Wednesday.

Messrs. Virgil Horning and Homer Fritts went to Sturgis Wednesday.

Master Ezra Boston went to Henderson Wednesday to visit his sister, Mrs. Nellie Travis.

Miss Verna Evans Fox, of Providence, who has been the guest of Mrs. G. M. Swisher, returned home Wednesday.

Deputy Sheriff John T. Pickens has been ill for several days at his home on College Street.

Mr. Elcy Andrews left for Evansville Monday where he has a position.

Mr. E. L. Harpending went to Evansville Wednesday for an examination.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Carlton went to Evansville Wednesday to spend a few days.

—For Sale 1921 Model Ford Roadster good condition. For particulars see County Agent.

Dr. O. L. Minks will fill the pulpit of the First Baptist church next Sunday morning and evening. You are cordially invited.

Judge Arthur Miles, Mrs. Miles and Mrs. Fred Williams, of Rosiclare, Ill., attended the Chautauqua here last week and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Cannon.

WANTED
Wells to Drill
For water or test holes

Machinery located at Marion Ky. Years of experience. Address.

DOUDNA DRILLING CO., Inc., or see J. R. BUTTS, Marion, Ky.

The Sign of
Good Insurance

Phone 32

Marion, Ky



Mr. H. L. Lamb, of Blackford, was in the city Tuesday.

Mr. T. H. Farmer spent a few days in Sullivan last week.

Mr. C. W. Hamilton of the Hurricane section, was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Annice Boston, who has been very ill of typhoid, is improving.

Mr. Newt Walker and wife, of the Tribune section, were in the city on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil LaRue and baby, who attended the Chautauqua here, returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Walter Enoch went to Evansville Tuesday for treatment. Mr. Enoch accompanied her.

Mrs. Nellie Harris and children, of Providence, spent the week end with the family of Ed Rushing.

Mrs. Alfred James and sons, Wilmers and Hayden, of Providence, spent the week end visiting D. S. F. Crider.

Mrs. W. E. Slaton and family of Graingerstown who have been visiting the family of G. P. Slaton, returned home Tuesday.

Mr. Marlis King, wife and son, of Blackford, were business visitors here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Roberts, of Providence, visited the family of George Glore this week.

Mrs. Mary Lynch, of Tolu, went to Sturgis Tuesday to visit her father, Thomas Graves.

Rev. O. D. Spence and family of Providence were visiting the family of his father last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Morse of Evansville are down to spend the summer at Joel Pickens.

Miss Cora Duncan, of Owensboro, who has been visiting Miss Roberta Moore, left for home Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Morgan of Providence visited her sister, Mrs. J. H. Gass, this week.

Mr. Nesbitt Fowler, who has been spending a vacation at home returned to Evansville to school Tuesday.

Dr. J. D. Threlkeld of Salem, was in the city Tuesday enroute home from Dawson Springs.

Mr. Goebel Roberts and Miss Salie Glore, both of this place were married at Marion Sunday. They have fitted up rooms with the groom's father, Preston Roberts, in Green Street, where they will make their home.—Providence Enterprise.

Mrs. Marie Blackwell and children of Marion, came Friday to visit her mother-in-law, Mrs. Laura Blackwell and sister-in-law, Mrs. D. B. Luttrell.

Sturgis Cor. Morganfield Sun.

At the annual meeting of the Kentucky Pharmaceutical Association at Crab Orchard Spring C. H. Brockmeyer, of Frederonia, was elected President.

—Lost Brown suit of clothes between Taylor and Taylor and Mr. Will Elder on Salem road. Waist 32 length 31. Finder return to Taylor and Taylor and receive reward. E. A. RILEY.

Miss Myra Brooks, of Sturgis who spent the week end with Miss Bonnie Babb, left Monday for Princeton to visit her sister, Mrs. H. A. Goodwin.

Mrs. Gus Baker, of Princeton, attended the Chautauqua here last week. While in the city she was the guest of Mrs. Gus Taylor.

We Want Your Patronage

AND WE CAN SHOW YOU WE deserve it, if you give us Your trade. Best Barbers—Most Reasonable Prices.

McConnell & Wiggins Barber Shop

MRS. J. R. GILCHRIST

Refractive Specialist

EYES AND NERVES

Hours: 8 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M.

Office Frisbie Building, Main Street



FORDS FERRY

NOTICE

All women and girls between the ages of 16 and 50 years wishing permanent and pleasant employment where working conditions are ideal, can find same by writing J. H. Moran, Employment Manager, Sexton Manufacturing Co., Fairfield, Ill.

for the 15th day of July 1922. 3 MRS. F. V. MATLOCK, Executrix



Very often you like a dress more and more each time you wear it. Now why discard a dress that you know is more than usually becoming just because it looks dilapidated? Why not send it to us and when it is returned you have the same dress like new. Let us make your alterations.

National Dry Cleaners
L.E. YATES, Prop.
Telephone 148

Auction Sale

Monday, July 10

County Court Day

I will sell a big lot of Shoes, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Dry Goods and Novelties all to the highest bidder.

SAM CARNAHAN

Marion, Ky.

Studebaker Bodies Don't Rattle or Squeak

Studebaker bodies rest squarely on the chassis frame—not on the body sills. The body and the frame form a rigid unit that successfully resists the rattle of the road.

Studebaker bodies are built in Studebaker shops by men, many of whom have been building vehicle bodies for Studebaker for upwards of 30 years—and their fathers before them. Studebaker has been building fine bodies for seventy years.

Studebaker Special-Six bodies, because of their quality and soundness, weigh more than those of other cars around the Special-Six price. You cannot skimp in material and build a body that will not rattle.

Freedom from rattle or squeak is just another of the fine-car refinements that emphasize the extra value of the Studebaker Special-Six.

MODELS AND PRICES—f. o. b. factories

LIGHT-SIX 5-Pass. 11½' W. B. 40 H. P.	SPECIAL-SIX 5-Pass. 11½' W. B. 50 H. P.	BIG-SIX 7-Pass. 12½' W. B. 60 H. P.
Chassis \$875	Chassis \$1200	Chassis \$1500
Touring 1045	Touring 1475	Touring 1785
Roadster, 3-Pass. 1045	Roadster, 2-Pass. 1425	Roadster, 4-Pass. 1985
Coupe-Roadster 2-Pass. 1375	Coupe, 4-Pass. 2150	Coupe, 4-Pass. 2500
Sedan 1750	Sedan 2350	Sedan 2750

Card Tires Standard Equipment



The Special-Six chassis frame is 7' deep. It tapers from a width of 29" in the front to 41" in the rear, so that the sides of the body fit perfectly without overhang. Five cross-members prevent the distortion that eventually causes bodies to squeak.

Studebaker

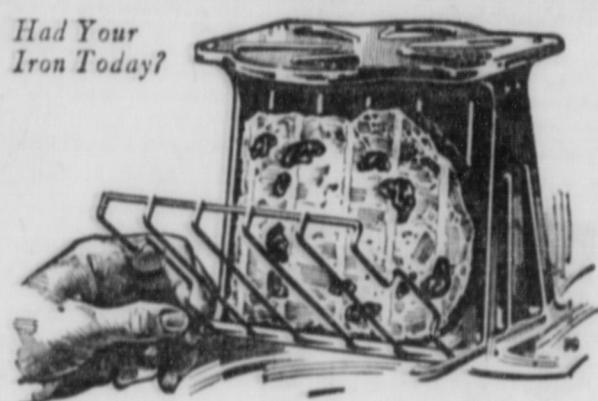
T. H. Cochran & Co.

Phone 81

Main Street

Marion, Ky.

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR



Toast It— Delicious Raisin Bread

DO this some morning and surprise the family: Serve hot *raisin toast* at breakfast, made from full-fruited, luscious raisin bread. Let your husband try it with his coffee. Hear what he says.

Your grocer or bake shop can supply the proper bread. No need to bake at home.

Made with big, plump, tender, seeded Sun-Maid Raisins, and if you get the right kind there's a generous supply of these delicious fruit-meats in it.

Insist on this full-fruited bread and you'll have luscious toast.

Rich in energizing nutriment and iron—great food for business men.

Make most attractive bread pudding with left-over slices. There's real economy in bread like this.

Try tomorrow morning. A real surprise. Telephone your dealer to send a loaf today.



OLD NAMES BACK IN FAVOR

"Mary" and "Eliza" Again in Style, After Having Suffered a Temporary Eclipse.

Old-fashioned names are again in style, and the greatest of them all—Mary—heads the list of present day Detroit brides, says Bert Maloney, marriage license clerk.

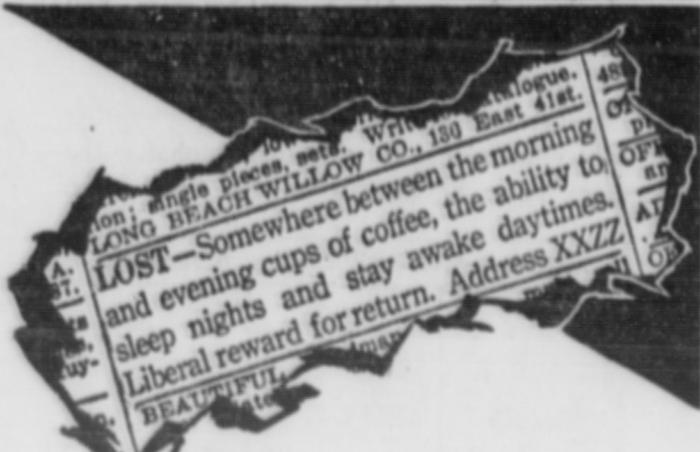
"I have a passion for the name of Mary," sang Byron, and many a poetical Detrotor will experience a cuddly feeling at the news that the old names are back again.

The popular Sarah Ann, Agneses and Janes of Byrons' time gave way to the Ermentrutes, Clarisses and Ysabels of recent yesterdays, but now they're coming into their own again.

Of course, "Mary" never went entirely out. There's something elemental in it that defies banishment. It's an ancient name of many tongues, symbolically connected with motherhood, with Isis and the moon and with the regeneration of man.—Detroit News.

Fan Can Serve Two Purposes.

The big, wheel-shaped fan placed at the top of the air shaft of a coal mine for ventilating the mine is sometimes designed for blowing air into the mine, and sometimes for drawing it out.



You will find in Postum a delightful and satisfying mealtime beverage, with no element which can harm nerves and digestion—or cause wakeful nights and dull days.

Your grocer has Postum in two forms: Instant Postum (in tins) made instantly in the cup by the addition of boiling water. Postum Cereal (in packages of larger bulk, for those who prefer to make the drink while the meal is being prepared) made by boiling for fully 20 minutes.

Made by
Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

RADIO

MORE ABOUT VACUUM TUBE AS A DETECTOR

How a "Three-Electrode" Is Connected in a Simple Radio Receiving Circuit.

Obviously working the tube at a point on the upper bend of knee of the characteristic curve would produce the same symmetrical changes in the plate circuit by symmetrical changes in the grid potential as it will if the tube is worked at the lower end of

plate circuit current and the tube would not function as a detector.

Fig. 10 shows how a three-electrode vacuum tube is connected in a simple radio receiving circuit. The "B" battery furnishing the necessary plate potential is connected with its positive side through the phones to the plate. The filament is heated to the required temperature by the battery "A." The incoming radio frequency alternating current is applied to the grid and the negative side of the filament through the "C" battery. By connecting the negative side of the filament to the midpoint of the "C" battery a positive potential can be applied to the grid by moving the slider on the "C" battery potentiometer up, or the grid can be made negative with respect to the filament by moving the slider on the "C" battery potentiometer down.

In practice a "C" battery is not used to force a three-electrode vacuum tube to function as a detector.

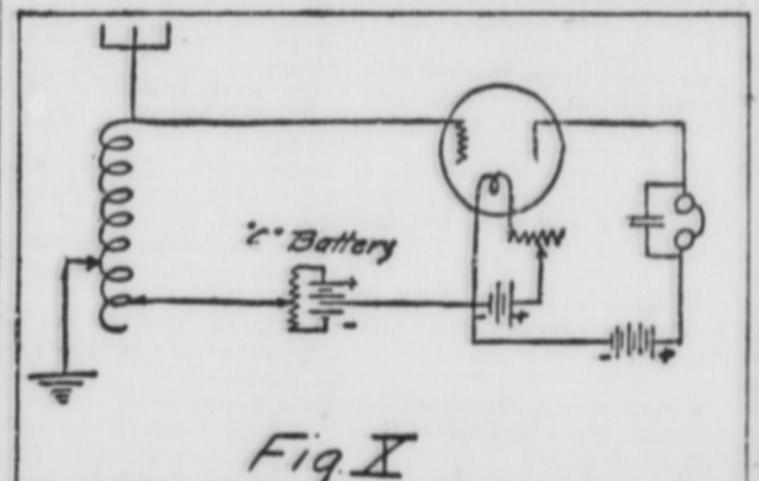


Fig. X

knee of the curve. However, the alternating current applied to the grid would now produce a large decrease and a small increase of the plate current, the reverse of that shown in Fig. 9. The objection to working the tube on the upper bend of knee of the curve is that when no potential is applied to the grid a relatively large

current would flow in the plate circuit and rapidly exhaust the "B" battery.

The grid condenser is connected in series with the grid of the tube and shunted by the grid leak resistance.

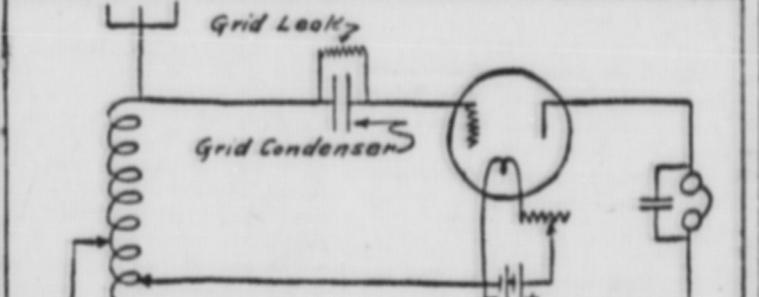


Fig. XI

current would flow in the plate circuit and rapidly exhaust the "B" battery.

Should the tube, by means of the potential applied to the grid, be made to operate at a point on the characteristic curve midway between the upper and lower bends—that is, on the straight part of the curve, symmetrical variations in the grid potential would cause symmetrical change in the

USING ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRE

Experts Tell the Safe Way to Employ This System for Radio Receiving.

Since the announcement that the bureau of standards of the department of commerce had perfected a method of employing electric light wires in place of aerials, considerable experimenting has been done by various amateurs, some of whom have had good luck while others succeeded only in blowing a large number of fuses.

Engineers of an eastern electric light company have offered the following suggestions to amateurs:

"First—Successful results have been obtained so far only with audio bulb sets. Crystal sets receive the signals, but for some reason they are very weak and indistinct.

"Second—No set should be used on this system without air or oil filled condensers, placed in series with either the antenna circuit or the ground circuit—preferably in the antenna circuit.

"Third—A fuse not heavier than one-half ampere should be used in series and just ahead of the antenna connection.

"Fourth—An ordinary separate detachment plug—i.e., one with two blades connecting the two separate halves of the plug—is used. Only one wire is run from this plug, the other binding screw left undisturbed. This single conductor wire should be long enough to reach from a handy electric light socket to the table where the instrument is located and should terminate in the fuse mentioned above.

"In case an externally connected condenser is used, the circuit should be run from the fuse to the condenser and from the condenser to the antenna binding post of the receiving set.

"In sets where the condenser is built into the instrument the connection from the fuse is run directly to the antenna binding post. All other connections should be exactly the same as for conventional overhead aerial receiving.

"Screw the attachment plug into the electric light socket and time as usual. In case no signals are received

reverse the blades in the attachment plug by simply pulling the attachment

current would flow in the plate circuit and rapidly exhaust the "B" battery.

Should the tube, by means of the potential applied to the grid, be made to operate at a point on the characteristic curve midway between the upper and lower bends—that is, on the straight part of the curve, symmetrical variations in the grid potential would cause symmetrical change in the

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current would flow in the plate circuit and rapidly exhaust the "B" battery.

Should the tube, by means of the potential applied

The American Legion

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

THE MAN WITH DOUBLE BRAIN

Hayward Thompson, Memory Shocked During World War, Writes With Both Hands.

The majority of us do well to write legibly with either of our hands, but when a man is found who can write with both hands simultaneously, and more than that—when he can write forward with one hand and backward with the other, it is evident that he has a perfect right to the title of "Mystery Man." Hayward Thompson, an ex-service man in Denver, Colo., is just such a man. Due to a severe injury to his head, received during the war, he has what is known as a "double brain." One side of this brain directs the writing of one hand while the other side governs the other hand.

Thompson's memory reaches back only to the time when he left a hospital some months ago. He remembers nothing of his life before that time. It was through the veterans' bureau that he established his identity as Hayward Thompson. Of his family, former friends, his work and home before the war and his activities during the war, he has been able to learn nothing. The veterans' bureau and the Colorado department of the American Legion have been making every effort to help Thompson learn of his past.

THE REAL UNKNOWN SOLDIER

Child of Streets, Picked Up by Kind-hearted Brothers, Never Knew Who He Was.

Tragic though the story is of a soldier whose identity was lost after his life had gone out on the field of battle and whose cross in Flanders simply says, "Unknown Soldier," his story is not shot through with such pathetic glory as is the story of a lad who never knew who he was and who gave his life for a country in which he had never known a mother's love or a father's pride. Every mother who does not know just where her son is buried, weeps over the grave of the unknown soldier, thinking that perhaps he is her son. Over the grave of the boy who has always been unknown there are no mourners.

A tiny bundle of humanity was picked up in a Baltimore street some twenty years ago; it was a baby boy. When after a thorough search, no one was found who would claim him, he was taken to be reared by two brothers, who gave him the name of Edward John Evangelist Smith. When he was old enough, they sent him to Mount Saint Mary's school to be educated. In 1917, before the boy's education was finished, a Marine recruiting officer visited Mount Saint Mary's. His story of the country's need for men caused "Smithy" as he had come to be known, to enlist. He went overseas and took part in every engagement in which the Fifth Regiment of marines participated. On the morning on which the armistice was signed, one of the last German bullets flying claimed "Smithy" as its victim.

Wells Hawks, "Smithy's" captain, has started a fund to erect a monument to "Smithy"; a child of the street, an unknown lad in school, the real unknown soldier!

WOUNDED ON ARMISTICE DAY

Buckeye Naval Officer Holds Distinction of Being Injured in Action After Close of War.

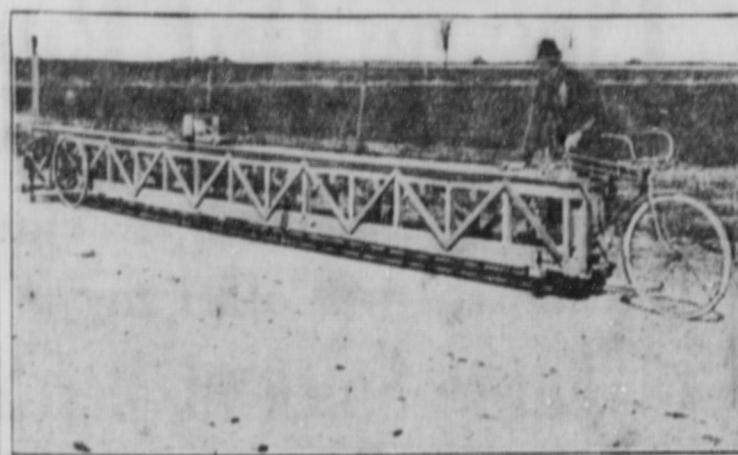
O. O. Rolf of Toledo, O., holds the unique distinction of being a United States naval officer wounded in action after the signing of the armistice which closed the World War. As a naval lieutenant and executive officer of a merchant ship, Rolf was severely wounded when his ship was fired on by a German submarine as it left La Pallice, France, on the afternoon of November 11, 1918.

After several months in hospitals in England and on the continent, Rolf returned to America and resumed the practice of law in Toledo.

Soldiers Classed With Idiots.

Soldiers and sailors, along with felons, idiots and insane people are denied the right of suffrage in certain states of the Union, it is pointed out by a writer in the American Legion Weekly. He quotes from the World Almanac, which says that because of their occupation, soldiers and sailors are not allowed to vote in the following states: Indiana, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Texas and West Virginia.

EXPERIMENTAL HIGHWAY WORK AT ARLINGTON WILL BE CONTINUED



Device for Testing and Measuring the Smoothness of Roads.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A comprehensive program of road-building research and investigation during the coming season at the Arlington Experimental station near Washington, D. C., is announced by the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture. Impact tests on pavements, subgrade studies and other experiments, which last year aroused much interest among engineers, will be continued as well as several other lines of work underway last year and new ones to be started.

Bituminous wearing surfaces are to be investigated to determine the reason for the formation of waves and irregularities and to settle mooted questions concerning the proper mixture and the proper mineral aggregates to be used in bituminous roads. More than 30 sections of different types of bituminous construction will be built. These will include mixtures of different mechanical grading and with different percentages of bitumen of several degrees of hardness. Sections are being constructed on a circular track about 600 feet in circumference, the roadway being 13 feet wide. On this roadway will be operated a 5-ton army truck equipped with solid tires. The truck will be operated in a varying path so as to cover practically the entire width of the roadway and will travel at a speed of from 12 to 15 miles an hour for five or six months, or until some results are obtained leading to the solution of the problems involved.

Resistance to Wear.

There is considerable discussion as to what is the proper criterion to be used in selecting and judging concrete aggregates that will offer the greatest amount of resistance to wear. At the present time judgment is based on wear tests made in the laboratory and upon the compressive strength of concrete, also upon the structural strength of concrete beams constructed and broken in the laboratory. The comparison of the wear of concrete in actual use on road surfaces with the indications obtained in laboratory experiments is not wholly satisfactory.

To throw more light on this subject a wear test is to be made with the conditions approximating those actually found on the road. This test will include about 65 sections of concrete wearing surface, each section being of a different quality of concrete, the qualities being varied by virtue of the different aggregates used, different proportions in the mixture and amount of mixing water. These sections are to be constructed on a circular runway about 650 feet in circumference, the runway being 4 feet wide.

On this runway will be operated a specially constructed car with two truck wheels equipped with solid rubber tires and loaded to represent a truck. The car will be guided by small railroad rails to hold it in position, the power being applied by means of an electric motor to the rear wheel. This apparatus will be operated around the circular runway at a speed of probably 20 miles an hour. The test will involve the use of truck wheels equipped with different kinds of tires and will include the use of non-skid chains. A steel-tired wheel will probably also be used to get the effect of an accelerated wear test.

The object of this experiment is to determine the relative wear of the

RAT PEST IS MOST SERIOUS

Cause of Considerable Loss to Farmer and Poultryman—Plan to Eradicate Them.

Rats are multiplying in numbers every year in spite of all of our rat-killing campaigns and propaganda. This pest is one of the most serious sources of loss to the farmer and poultryman. Every effort should be made to free the premises of them, and the fact that they seem to hold their own should only be the signal for redoubling our efforts against them.

SHADE NEEDED FOR POULTRY

Old Burlap Bags Stretched on Wire Netting Will Afford Satisfactory Protection.

They all need it—chicks, ducks, geese, poults, everything in the poultry line from old hens to old turkey gobblers need some shade. The shade of bushes and shrubs, of orchard and grove, is the most attractive, but the shade of old burlap bags stretched on poultry netting tacked across a frame is a pleasant shelter from the intense rays of the sun to the feathered flock. Fresh water is another essential. Sun-warmed water is a breeder of cholera.

GREAT VALUE OF BUCKWHEAT

Excellent as Chicken Feed and May Be Fed to Hogs and Other Stock to Advantage.

Buckwheat is an excellent chicken feed. Small patches may be sown to buckwheat and poultry allowed to eat it. It may also be fed to hogs and other live stock to good advantage. The straw is about equal to oat straw. Another important use for buckwheat is for improving the land. It grows readily on poor land and adds a great deal of humus if plowed under.

REMEDY FOR SUCKING PESTS

Nicotine Sulphate Taking Place of Kerosene Emulsion in Destroying Many Insects.

Nicotine sulphate is a remedy for most sucking insects, but nicotine sulphate has largely taken its place in fighting the melon louse and squash bug. Both are contact poisons and must actually touch the body of the insect in order to destroy it. For this reason it is best applied with a spray of some style so that both sides of the leaves are touched. These solvents are not poisonous when taken into the stomach.

The Young Mother.

THE ILLS OF INFANTS AND CHILDREN should be so well known to the youngest of mothers that a reminder or a repetition of the symptoms of illness seems unnecessary, yet there are some mothers who overlook a feverish condition, a little colic, or a disposition to be irritable. If not corrected they may lead to serious sickness. And to correct them, to bring Baby back to its happy self, is so easy by the use of Castoria—a medicine prepared just for infants and children. It will regulate the bowels (not force them), aid digestion and so bring quiet and rest.

Fletcher's Castoria has been doing this for over 30 years; regulating the stomach and bowels of infants and children. It has replaced the nauseating Castor Oil, so-called Soothing Syrups, poisonous Paregoric and other vicious concoctions in the homes of true and honest mothers—mothers who love their children.

Those mothers will give their babies foods and medicines especially prepared for infants and children.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

A Word About Truth.

"Great is Truth, and mighty above all things." So says the Old Testament, yet it is equally true to-day. Truth shows no favors, fears no enemies.

From the inception of Fletcher's Castoria, Truth has been the watchword, and to the conscientious adherence to this motto in the preparation of Fletcher's Castoria as well as in its advertising is due the secret of its popular demand.

All imitations, all substitutes, all just-as-good preparations lack the element of Truth, lack the righteousness of being, lack all semblance even in the words of those who would deceive.

And you! Mothers, mothers with the fate of the World in your hands, can you be deceived? Certainly not.

Fletcher's Castoria is prepared for Infants and Children. It is distinctly a remedy for the little-ones. The BABY'S need for a medicine to take the place of Castor Oil, Paregoric and Soothing Syrups was the sole thought that led to its discovery. Never try to correct BABY'S troubles with a medicine that you would use for yourself.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

10 Cents

Gives Cheerful New Color Tone to Old Curtains

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES—dyes or tints as you wish

It Works That Way.

If a man pays a girl a few compliments she is very apt to feel hurt when he suspends payments.

A man "has to believe something, you know." The confidence man is looking for that kind.

Even when a man does have greatness thrust upon him he really thinks that he achieved it.

The trouble about looking up to people is that it encourages them to look down upon us.

2 or 3 Cans of Baking Powder Are Not Worth the Price of One

If they are the "big can and cheap" kind because they may mean baking failures

THAT'S WHY

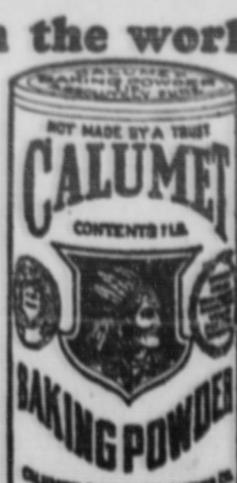
CALUMET

BAKING POWDER

Is the biggest selling brand in the world



Don't let a BIG CAN or a very low price mislead you.



BEST BY TEST

The World's Greatest Baking Powder

Experimenting with an uncertain brand is expensive—because it WASTES time and money.

SHADY GROVE

Dennie Hubbard and son went to Evansville Tuesday.
Mrs. Eddie Melton and son Rayburn spent Thursday the guests of her mother, Mrs. Belle Travis.
Mrs. Archie Leet was taken to Evansville Monday where she underwent an operation.

Misses Beulah Boyd and Verna May Woods spent Wednesday guests of Mary Tudor.

Misses Minnie Lee and Evalyne Utterback visited Miss Monville Utterback Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Tudor spent Saturday with R. R. Tudor.

Lexie Easley was in Providence Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Belle spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. K. McChesney.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Sipes and children f Washington are visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Sipes.

Frank Easley was in Providence Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Brown are the proud parents of a new boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wirt Horning.

Mr. and Mrs. Elgon Towery of Providence spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hodrick of Providence spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Mayes.

R. R. Tudor celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of his birth Saturday with a big birthday dinner.

FOR SALE 10 good milk cows. 50 3*

PAUL I. PARIS
Marion, Ky.

REPTON

Miss Fannie Thurmon who has been attending school at Bowling Green, returned home recently.

Mrs. Velma Newcom was the guest of Miss Laura Summers Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Carter filled his regular appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Little Miss Opal Travis of Wheatcroft is visiting her aunt, Mrs. John Cullen.

Mrs. L. C. Truitt spent Saturday and Sunday the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Foster.

Mr. Lexie Harmon of Johnson City visited his parents here recently.

Mr. Sherley Lynch was the weekend guest of his son at Fredonia.

(Written for last week.)

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Thurmon, of Ill., are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Nunn at this writing.

Little Miss Opal Travis of Wheatcroft is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Florence Cullen of this place.

Miss Fannie Thurmon who has been attending school at Bowling Green, returned home Friday.

Mr. Lexie Harmon of Johnson City is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Harmon.

Rev. Boucher filled his appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. G. E. Boston and Mrs. Fannie Nunn, of Marion attended church here Sunday.

NOTICE

The partnership of J. T. Hicklin and John Eskew, transacting a general insurance business here by mutual consent has been dissolved. The business will be conducted in the future by the undersigned

JAS. T. HICKLIN

AVOID MISTAKES

No Need to Experiment With Marion Evidence At Hand

There are many well-advertised kidney remedies on the market today but none so well recommended—none so Marion recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills. Ask your neighbor!

G. M. L. Nesbitt, Cherry St., says:

"I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills to regulate my kidneys when they have been out of order and they have always given good results. After an attack of the 'flu' my kidneys bothered me a great deal. I had severe pains in my back and the action of my kidneys was irregular causing a great deal of annoyance especially at night. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Orme's Drug Store and they strengthened my kidneys."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Nesbitt had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. (Advertisement)

DYCUSBURG

R. E. Ramage of Gary, Ind., is visiting here.

C. H. Armstrong spent the week end in Paducah.

Mr. and Mrs. Lisle Cooksey spent a few days here this week the guest of relatives.

Mrs. Nina Wells of Smithland spent Sunday here.

Lynn and Ollie Owen spent a few days in Paducah last week visiting friends.

Bennett Ramage of Gary Ind., is visiting here.

Robt. Dycus and Wayne Lott are convalescent.

Pauline Trail is visiting in Birds-ville.

Mrs. L. V. Vosier and daughters are visiting in Kuttawa.

GIRL'S STATEMENT WILL HELP MARION

Many women will profit by the following statement of one of their sex: "I was afraid to eat on account of stomach trouble. Even rice did not agree. After taking Adler-i-ka I can eat anything." Adler-i-ka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, removing foul matter which poisoned stomach. EXCELLENT for gas on the stomach or sour stomach. Guards against appendicitis. It brings out poisonous matter you never thought was in your system. Haynes & Taylor. Druggists. (Advertisement)

Closing Out Business

Having decided to close out my business, I will offer my
**Entire Stock of Merchandise
At Unheard-of Prices**

Everything must go regardless of cost. All kinds of
**DRESS GOODS, HOSIERY, HATS
CAPS, OVERALLS, COATS, PANTS
Ladies' and Men's Underwear
Shoes, Groceries, Floor Coverings.**

Also, all Fixtures, Cash Register, Self Measuring Oil Tank, Scales and Show Cases.

H. L. LAMB

BLACKFORD,

KENTUCKY

Fares Refunded to
Out-of-Town
Customers

Rudy & Sons

Paducah, Kentucky.

Mail Orders Will
Be Most Carefully
Filled

Our Big July Clearance

WILL BE OUR GREATEST SUMMER SALE

We take this opportunity to announce to our out-of-town patrons that we are now preparing for our big July Clearance which will start Monday, July 10. Every department of our store is arranging to offer substantial merchandise at saving prices. The greatest part of summer still remains, and the price reductions on seasonable goods will enable you to secure bargains in endless variety.

GET THESE UNUSUAL VALUES NOW

*Cool, Shimmering Silk
Frocks for Summer*

Part of the joy of summer-time is the selecting and wearing just such delightful frocks as these we are offering. Charming models for street or dress wear.

**FASCINATING
STYLES AT
\$19.75**

*Dainty Wash Dresses
For Every Occasion*



Not only are assortments varied, but the modes are those most in vogue. Materials, trimmings, patterns and colorings are as numerous as they are attractive.

PRICES RANGE

**\$4.98 to
\$9.75**